Technical data sheet

FOR THE ROTARY ACTUATOR



Type: HSE 07 SZ Art. no.: 4104935

Model Vane-type rotary actuator In principle the actuation has a pressure- and viscosity-dependent internal leak volume flow rate. For example, if an external torque affect the rotary actuator shaft in an idle mode, the rotary actuator shaft shifts slowly from its angle position! HSE: Rotary actuator with end position damping and with or without rotary angle limitation. Series Size Mounting style - Rotary actuator housing single-sided face mounting with thread according to DIN 13-1 - M 16 Strength class of the fastening screws ≥ 8.8 involute spline shaft according to DIN 5480-W 95x3,0x30x 8f - Drive shaft end - Centre hole in the drive shaft end DIN 332-2 - D M 24 Connection type pipe thread according to DIN ISO 228-1; A and B: G1/2; axial in the end-position damping block Installation position arbitrary; Depending on the position of installation and case of application a load may cause running ahead the rotary actuator drive shaft. In such a case, appropriate countermeasures must be taken! Installation instructions see operating instructions Rotary angle limitation An external rotary angle limitation is recommended! The rotary actuator is intended for generation an alternating torque in a stationary application. Intended use 1) max. nominal pressure bar 160 D N max min. minimum pressure bar 20 Required for a proper functioning of the load-free drive. D M min max. starting pressure without load p_{St max} 8.0 at an output pressure of p = 1 bar bar torque constant 2) specific torque M_{sp} Nm/bar 55.13 theoretical torque $M_{\, th}$ Nm 8 821 at $\Delta p = p_{N \text{ max}}$ 2) mechanical efficiency ≈ 0.950 at $\Delta p = p_{N \text{ max}}$ and $\omega = \omega_{\text{max}}$ 3) n mec at $\Delta p = p_{N \text{ max}}$ and $\omega = \omega_{\text{max}}$ effective torque M_{eff} Nm 8 380 3) number of working chambers z 2 2) nominal angle of rotary grad 282 The internal stop must not be approached! Фи max. operating angle of rotary grad 280 () A max recom. min. operating angle of rotary 20 If smaler rotating angles are to be realised in continious operation, the grad manufacturer must be consulted. $F_{\text{r}\,\text{max}}$ 15 000 maximum radial force force acting centered on the journal of the drive shaft N force acting centrically on the journal of the drive shaft maximum axial force Ν 7 500 ± 10%, incl. oil filling weight ≈ m kg 131.0 mass moment of inertia of drive shaft J_{W0} kgdm² 9.96 ± 5%, without other attachments such as hub, coupling, rotation encoder, etc. This corresponds to 143 deg/s or an equivalent rotational speed of n= 24 min⁻¹. 1) max. angular speed rad/s 2.5 ω max specific displacement cm³/° 9.62 This results in a theoretical operating volume of V_A = 2 694.2 cm³. 2) V_{sp} theoretical volume flow rate required Q_{th} l/min 82.7 2) at ω=ω_{max} max. internal leakage volume flow rate $Q_{L max}$ l/min 0.46 ³)⁴) at $\Delta p = p_{N \text{ max}}$ and $v = 50 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ effective required volume flow rate $Q_{\,\text{eff}}$ l/min 83.2 at $\Delta p = p_{N \text{ max}}$, $\omega = \omega_{max}$ and $v = 50 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ 3)⁴) permissible pressure fluid HLP mineral oils according to DIN 51524 T2 The viscosity range set in operation is to be observed. 1) temperature range of pressure fluid °C -20 - +80 9 öı range of kinematic viscosity mm²/s short-term, the optimum operating viscosity range is 30 – 50 mm²/s 18 - 150cleanliness class of pressure fluid Max. permissible degree of pollution according to ISO 4406 class 18/16/13. To increase service life, we recommend according to ISO 4406 class 17/15/12. °C 0-+60 range of ambient temperature ρ_{c} design of component surfaces metallic bright and wetted with anticorrosion agents

Subject to technical modifications and error!

¹⁾ The simultaneous occurrence of two or more maximum values of temperature, pressure and angular speed requires the written consent of the manufacturer!

²) Theoretically determined value without manufacturing tolerances and if so an efficiency.

³⁾ Median recorded in test series; an inferential variance is possible.

⁴⁾ In mint condition of the internal seals and their counter-surfaces!